

Datasheet: VMA00253

Description:	MOUSE ANTI AKT1
Specificity:	AKT1
Format:	Purified
Product Type:	PrecisionAb™ Monoclonal
Clone:	OTI4C11
Isotype:	IgG1
Quantity:	100 µl

Product Details

Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Western Blotting	■			1/1000

PrecisionAb antibodies have been extensively [validated for the western blot application](#). The antibody has been validated at the suggested dilution. Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Further optimization may be required dependant on sample type.

Target Species	Human
Species Cross Reactivity	Reacts with: Mouse, Rat N.B. Antibody reactivity and working conditions may vary between species.
Product Form	Purified IgG - liquid
Preparation	Mouse monoclonal antibody purified by affinity chromatography from ascites
Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered saline
Preservative Stabilisers	0.09% Sodium Azide (NaN ₃) 1% Bovine Serum Albumin 50% Glycerol
Immunogen	Full length recombinant human AKT1 (NP_005154) produced in HEK293T cells
External Database Links	UniProt: P31749 Related reagents Entrez Gene: 207 AKT1 Related reagents

Synonyms	PKB, RAC
Specificity	Mouse anti Human AKT1 antibody recognizes the RAC-alpha serine/threonine-protein kinase, also known as AKT1m, PKB alpha, RAC-PK-alpha, protein kinase B alpha, proto-oncogene c-Akt and rac protein kinase alpha. The serine-threonine protein kinase encoded by the AKT1 gene is catalytically inactive in serum-starved primary and immortalized fibroblasts. AKT1 and the related AKT2 are activated by platelet-derived growth factor. The activation is rapid and specific, and it is abrogated by mutations in the pleckstrin homology domain of AKT1. It was shown that the activation occurs through phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. In the developing nervous system AKT is a critical mediator of growth factor-induced neuronal survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating the serine/threonine kinase AKT1, which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. Mutations in AKT1 have been associated with the Proteus syndrome. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for AKT1 (provided by RefSeq, Jul 2011). Mouse anti Human AKT1 antibody detects a band of 60 kDa. The antibody has been extensively validated for western blotting using whole cell lysates.
Western Blotting	Anti AKT1 detects a band of approximately 60 kDa in Jurkat cell lysates
Instructions For Use	Please refer to the PrecisionAb western blotting protocol . For additional information on secondary antibody dilution and exposure time see product web page.
Storage	Store undiluted at -20°C, avoiding repeated freeze thaw cycles.
Shelf Life	As supplied, 12 months from date of despatch.
Acknowledgements	PrecisionAb™ is a trademark of Bio-Rad Laboratories.
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10048 available at: Antibody (10048): https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/MSDS/10048.pdf
Regulatory	For research purposes only

Related Products

Recommended Secondary Antibodies

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (H/L) (STAR207...)[HRP](#)

Recommended Negative Controls

[MOUSE IgG1 NEGATIVE CONTROL \(MCA928\)](#)

North & South America	Tel: +1 800 265 7376 Fax: +1 919 878 3751 Email: antibody_sales_us@bio-rad.com	Worldwide	Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700 Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739 Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-rad.com	Europe	Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21 Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50 Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com
----------------------------------	---	------------------	---	---------------	---

'M284563:160321'

Printed on 01 May 2018