

Datasheet: MCA5639B

Description:	MOUSE ANTI HUMAN APOLIPOPROTEIN E:Biotin
Specificity:	APOLIPOPROTEIN E
Format:	Biotin
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	WUE-4
Isotype:	IgG1
Quantity:	0.1 mg

Product Details

Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry			■	
Immunohistology - Frozen			■	
Immunohistology - Paraffin			■	
ELISA	■			
Immunoprecipitation			■	
Western Blotting	■			

Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the product for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

Target Species	Human
Species Cross Reactivity	Reacts with: Mouse Does not react with: Sea Lion, Harbour seal N.B. Antibody reactivity and working conditions may vary between species.
Product Form	Purified IgG conjugated to Biotin - liquid
Preparation	Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein G from tissue culture supernatant
Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered saline
Preservative Stabilisers	0.09% Sodium Azide (NaN ₃) 1% Bovine Serum Albumin
Approx. Protein Concentrations	IgG concentration 0.1 mg/ml
Immunogen	Purified ApoHDL fraction.

**External Database
Links**

UniProt:

[P02649](#)

[Related reagents](#)

Entrez Gene:

[348](#)

APOE

[Related reagents](#)

Fusion Partners

Spleen cells from immunised Balb/c mice were fused with cells of the Sp2/O-Ag14 mouse myeloma cell line.

Specificity

Mouse anti Human Apolipoprotein E antibody, clone WUE-4 recognizes an epitope within amino acids 140-160 of human apolipoprotein E (Apo-E), a major component of very low-density lipoproteins (VLDLs). Apo-E is the principle apolipoprotein in the central nervous system, and is secreted by most organs into the plasma, playing a vital role in the binding, internalization and catabolism of triglyceride-rich lipoprotein constituents.

Apo-E acts as a ligand for both the specific apo-E receptor (chylomicron remnant) of hepatic tissues, and the apoB,E (LDL) receptor. Three isoforms of Apo-E have been identified, ApoE2, E3 and E4, and have been linked with various disorders. ApoE2 has been shown to bind LPL receptors with low affinity, resulting in increased plasma cholesterol and triglyceride levels, and thereby an increased risk in cardiovascular disorders. ApoE4 is a known high risk factor for Alzheimers disease, and in particular late onset Alzheimer disease 2 (AD2), whilst ApoE3 is the most common isoform, and considered the normal/natural Apo-E genotype.

Mouse anti Human Apolipoprotein E antibody, clone WUE-4 has been shown to inhibit Apo-E mediated binding of lipoproteins to the apoB,E cell receptor ([Krul et al. 1998](#)).

Western Blotting

MCA5639B detects a major band of approximately 34-36kDa in human liver cell lysates.

References

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2. Fryer, J.D. *et al.* (2005) The low density lipoprotein receptor regulates the level of central nervous system human and murine apolipoprotein E but does not modify amyloid plaque pathology in PDAPP mice. [J Biol Chem. 280 \(27\): 25754-9.](#)
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6. Jiang, J. *et al.* (2012) Hepatitis C virus attachment mediated by apolipoprotein E binding to cell surface heparan sulfate. [J Virol. 86: 7256-67.](#)
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10. Youmans, K.L. *et al.* (2011) Amyloid- β 42 alters apolipoprotein E solubility in brains of mice with five familial AD mutations. [J Neurosci Methods. 196: 51-9.](#)
11. Fan, J. *et al.* (2011) An ABCA1-independent pathway for recycling a poorly lipidated 8.1 nm apolipoprotein E particle from glia. [J Lipid Res. 52: 1605-16.](#)

12. Fagan, A.M. *et al.* (2004) ApoAI deficiency results in marked reductions in plasma cholesterol but no alterations in amyloid-beta pathology in a mouse model of Alzheimer's disease-like cerebral amyloidosis. [Am J Pathol. 165: 1413-22.](#)
13. Kim, J. *et al.* (2012) Anti-apoE immunotherapy inhibits amyloid accumulation in a transgenic mouse model of A β amyloidosis. [J Exp Med. 209: 2149-56.](#)
14. Fu, Y. *et al.* (2016) Apolipoprotein E lipoprotein particles inhibit amyloid- β uptake through cell surface heparan sulphate proteoglycan. [Mol Neurodegener. 11 \(1\): 37.](#)

Storage	Store at +4°C or at -20°C if preferred. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended. This product should be stored undiluted. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation before use.
Shelf Life	18 months from date of despatch.
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10041 available at: 10041: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/MSDS/10041.pdf
Regulatory	For research purposes only

North & South America Tel: +1 800 265 7376 Fax: +1 919 878 3751 Email: antibody_sales_us@bio-rad.com	Worldwide	Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700 Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739 Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-rad.com	Europe	Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21 Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50 Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com
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