

Datasheet: AHP952

Description:	SHEEP ANTI HUMAN LOX-1
Specificity:	LOX-1
Other names:	OLR1
Format:	Purified
Product Type:	Polyclonal Antibody
Isotype:	Polyclonal IgG
Quantity:	50 μg

Product Details

Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry	-			1/10
Immunohistology - Frozen	-			
Immunohistology - Paraffin			•	
ELISA			•	
Immunoprecipitation	-			Neat
Western Blotting	-			1/10 - 1/100
Immunofluorescence	-			

Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the product for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

Target Species	Human
Product Form	Purified IgG - liquid

Antiserum Preparation Antisera to human LOX-1 were raised by repeated immunisations of sheep with highly purified antigen. Purified IgG was prepared by affinity chromatography.

Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered saline
Preservative Stabilisers	0.09% Sodium Azide 1% Bovine Serum Albumin
Approx. Protein Concentrations	IgG concentration 0.1 mg/ml
Immunogen	Recombinant human extracellular domain LOX-1 protein from bacteria.
External Detahase	

External Database

UniProt:

Links P78380 Related reagents

Entrez Gene:

4973 OLR1 Related reagents

Synonyms

CLEC8A, LOX1

Specificity

Sheep anti LOX-1 antibody recognizes the type II membrane glycoprotein LOX-1 (lectin-like oxidized LDL receptor-1), a 40-50kDa class E scavenger receptor, expressed by endothelial cells, macrophages, activated platelets and smooth muscle cells. LOX-1 binds to a wide range of ligands, including oxidized low-density lipoprotein (oxLDL), hypochlorite modified high-density lipoprotein (HDL), aged/apoptotic cells, activated platelets and bacteria, reflecting its versatile physiological functions.

AHP952 will detect LOX-1 on transfected cells and in recombinant protein reconstitution assays. LOX-1 levels are low in normal resting human tissues so may fall below detectable levels.

Expression of the LOX-1 gene is upregulated by oxLDL and the binding of LOX-1 to oxLDL results in the activation of NF-kappaB. Furthermore, LOX-1 antibodies have been shown to suppress the oxidized HDL (oxHDL) activation of NF-KappaB in endothelial cells, suggesting that this activation may be due to the binding of oxHDL to LOX-1.

Angiotensin II and the inflammatory cytokine Tumour Necrosis Factor alpha (TNFalpha) also invoke an increase in LOX-1 gene expression and studies have focused on its role in endothelial dysfunction (Chen, M. et al.) (Sawamura, T. et al.) and inflammatory diseases such as atherosclerosis (Murphy, J.E. et al.) and rheumatoid arthritis, as well as its affect on CD40/CD40L signaling in both atherosclerosis and human coronary artery endothelial cells (HCAECs) (Li, D. et al.).

Flow Cytometry

Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10⁶ cells in 100ul.

Immunohistology

For the best results Bio-Rad recommend HISTAR detection kits..

Western Blotting

Sheep anti LOX-1 antibody detects intact &'126;50 kDa LOX-1 and also a prominent \sim 32 kDa proteolytic fragment in western blotting.

References

1. Murphy, J.E. *et al.* (2006) LOX-1 scavenger receptor mediates calcium-dependent recognition of phosphatidylserine and apoptotic cells. <u>Biochem J. 393 (Pt 1): 107-15.</u>

Further Reading

- 1. Chen, M. *et al.* (2002) LOX-1, the receptor for oxidized low-density lipoprotein identified from endothelial cells: implications in endothelial dysfunction and atherosclerosis. <u>Pharmacol Ther. 95</u> (1): 89-100.
- 2. Li, D. *et al.* (2003) LOX-1, an oxidized LDL endothelial receptor, induces CD40/CD40L signaling in human coronary artery endothelial cells. <u>Arterioscler Thromb Vasc Biol. 23 (5): 816-21.</u>
- 3. Morawietz, H. *et al.* (1999) Angiotensin II induces LOX-1, the human endothelial receptor for oxidized low-density lipoprotein. <u>Circulation</u>. 100 (9): 899-902.
- 4. Sawamura, T. *et al.* (1997) An endothelial receptor for oxidized low-density lipoprotein. <u>Nature.</u> 386 (6620): 73-7.
- 5. Yoshida, H. *et al.* (1998) Identification of the lectin-like receptor for oxidized low-density lipoprotein in human macrophages and its potential role as a scavenger receptor. <u>Biochem J. 334 (Pt 1): 9-13.</u>

Storage Store at +4°C or at -20°C if preferred.
Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended.
This product should be stored undiluted. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation before use.

Shelf Life 18 months from date of despatch.

Health And Safety Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10041 available at:
10041: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/MSDS/10041.pdf

Regulatory For research purposes only

Related Products

Recommended Secondary Antibodies

Rabbit Anti Sheep IgG (H/L) (5184-2304...) Biotin

Donkey Anti Sheep IgG (STAR88...) <u>DyLight®488</u>, <u>DyLight®549</u>, <u>DyLight®649</u>,

Worldwide

FITC, HRP

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