

Datasheet: 4670-1725GA

Description:	MOUSE ANTI GLUCOSE TRANSPORTER 4
Specificity:	GLUCOSE TRANSPORTER 4
Other names:	GLUT4
Format:	Purified
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	1F8
Isotype:	lgG1
Quantity:	0.1 mg

Product Details

Applications	This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived					
	from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol					
	recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.					
		Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution	
	Immunohistology - Frozen	-				
	Immunohistology - Paraffin	-				
	ELISA					
	Immunoprecipitation	-				
	Western Blotting	-				
	Immunofluorescence	-				
	Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily					
	exclude its use in such proc	cedures. S	Suggested v	vorking dilutions are give	n as a guide only. It is	
	recommended that the user	r titrates th	ne product f	or use in their own syste	m using the appropriate	
	negative/positive controls.					
Target Species	Rat					
Species Cross	Reacts with Mouse Monkey Rabbit Human Pig					
Reactivity	Does not react with:Dog			•		
·····,	N.B. Antibody reactivity and working conditions may vary between species.					
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Product Form	Purified IgG - liquid					
Preparation	Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein G from tissue culture supernatant					
Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered saline					
Preservative Stabilisers	0.09% Sodium Azide (NaN ₃)					
Carrier Free	Yes					
Approx. Protein	IgG concentration 1.0mg/m	I				

Concentrations

Immunogen	Partially purified vesicles containing insulin-responsive glucose transporter 4.				
External Database	UniProt:				
Links	P19357 Related reagents				
	P14672 Related reagents				
	P14142 Related reagents				
	Entrez Gene:				
	25139 Slc2a4 Related reagents				
	6517 SLC2A4 Related reagents				
	20528 Slc2a4 Related reagents				
Synonyms	Glut4, Glut-4, GLUT4				
Specificity	Mouse anti glucose transporter 4 antibody, clone 1F8 originally raised against rat intracellular low density microsomes (<u>James <i>et al.</i> 1987</u>) recognizes an epitope in the cytoplasmic region of Glucose transporter 4 (GLUT4), an insulin-regulated facilitative glucose transporter found in				
	adipose tissue and striated muscle. When stimulated by insulin, GLUT4 translocates from				
	intracellular stores to the cell surface, facilitating passive diffusion of circulating glucose into muscle				
	and fat cells. GLUT4 is also stimulated to locate to the cell surface by muscle contraction,				
	particularly in cardiac muscle (<u>James <i>et al.</i> 1988</u>).				
	Mouse anti glucose transporter 4 antibody, clone 1F8 has been used successfully to demonstrate				
	the localization of GLUT4 to the basolateral side of ductal structures in the rat submandibular salivary gland in formalin fixed, paraffin embedded material (Cetik <i>et al</i> , 2014).				
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References	1. James, D.E. <i>et al.</i> (1988) Insulin-regulatable tissues express a unique insulin-sensitive glucose				
	transport protein. <u>Nature. 333 (6169): 183-5.</u>				
	2. James, D.E. <i>et al.</i> (1909) Molecular cioning and characterization of an insulin-regulatable alucose transporter. Nature, 338 (6210): 83-7				
	3 Cleashy M.E. et al. (2003) Programming of rat muscle and fat metabolism by in utero				
	overexposure to alucocorticoids. Endocripology, 144 (3): 999-1007				
	4 Huang J. et al. (2001) Insulin can regulate GLUT4 internalization by signaling to Rab5 a				
	motor protein dvnein. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 98:13084-13089.				
	5. Farese, R.V. et al. (2007) Muscle-specific knockout of PKC-lambda impairs glucose transport				
	and induces metabolic and diabetic syndromes. <u>J Clin Invest. 117: 2289-301.</u>				
	6. Grainger, D.L. et al. (2011) Involvement of phosphatidylinositol 5-phosphate in insulin-stimulated				
	glucose uptake in the L6 myotube model of skeletal muscle. Pflugers Arch. 462: 723-32.				
	7. Minakawa, M. et al. (2011) Hypoglycemic effect of resveratrol in type 2 diabetic model db/db				
	mice and its actions in cultured L6 myotubes and RIN-5F pancreatic β -cells. <u>J Clin Biochem Nutr</u> .				
	48: 237-44.				
	8. Gillies, R.M. et al. (2011) Immunohistochemical assessment of intrinsic and extrinsic markers of				
	hypoxia in reproductive tissue: differential expression of HIF1 α and HIF2 α in rat oviduct and				
	endometrium. J Mol Histol. 42: 341-54.				
	9. Aksentijević, D. et al. (2009) Insulin resistance and altered glucose transporter 4 expression in				
	experimental uremia. Kidney Int. 75: 711-8.				
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	mediates endothelin-1-stimulated glucose transport. J Biol Chem. 276 (47): 43663-7.				
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	functional effects of insulin. Am J Physiol Endocrinol Metab. 279 (3): E487-93.
	12. Lalioti, V.S. et al. (2002) The insulin-sensitive glucose transporter, GLUT4, interacts physically
	with Daxx. Two proteins with capacity to bind Ubc9 and conjugated to SUMO1. J Biol Chem. 277:
	<u>19783-91.</u>
	13. Spargo, F.J. et al. (2007) Dysregulation of muscle lipid metabolism in rats selectively bred for
	low aerobic running capacity. Am J Physiol Endocrinol Metab. 292: E1631-6.
	14. Cetik, S. et al. (2014) Expression and Localization of Glucose Transporters in Rodent
	Submandibular Salivary Glands. Cell Physiol Biochem. 33: 1149-1161.
	15. de Laat, M.A. et al. (2015) AICAR administration affects glucose metabolism by upregulating
	the novel glucose transporter, GLUT8, in equine skeletal muscle. Vet J. 205 (3): 381-6.
	16. Lee, Y-S. et al. (2015) Honokiol, magnolol, and a combination of both compounds improve
	glucose metabolism in high-fat diet-induced obese mice Food Sci Biotech. 24 (4): 1467-74.
Further Reading	1. Berger, J. et al. (1989) Decreased expression of the insulin-responsive glucose transporter in
-	diabetes and fasting. Nature. 340 (6228): 70-2.
Storage	Store at +4°C or at -20°C if preferred.
	Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended.
	This product should be stored undiluted. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature
	the antibody. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation before
	use.
Shelf I ife	
	18 months from date of despatch.
Health And Safety	18 months from date of despatch. Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10040 available at:
Health And Safety	18 months from date of despatch. Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10040 available at: 10040: <u>https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/MSDS/10040.pdf</u>
Health And Safety Information	18 months from date of despatch. Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10040 available at: 10040: <u>https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/MSDS/10040.pdf</u> For research purposes only

Related Products

Recommended Secondary Antibodies

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR76)	RPE		
Goat Anti Mouse IgG IgA IgM (STAR87) <u>Alk. Phos.</u> , <u>HRP</u>			
Goat Anti Mouse IgG (H/L) (STAR117)	<u>Alk. Phos.</u> , <u>DyLight®488</u> , <u>DyLight®549</u> ,		
	DyLight®649, DyLight®680, DyLight®800,		
	FITC, HRP		
Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR9)	FITC		
Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR77)	HRP		
Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR12)	RPE		
Goat Anti Mouse IgG (Fc) (STAR120)	FITC, HRP		
Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR8)	DyLight®800		
Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR70)	<u>FITC</u>		
Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR13)	HRP		
Human Anti Mouse IgG1 (HCA036)	HRP		

Recommended Negative Controls

MOUSE IgG1 NEGATIVE CONTROL (MCA1209)

North & South	Tel: +1 800 265 7376	Worldwide	Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700	Europe	Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21
America	Fax: +1 919 878 3751		Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739		Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50

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