

Datasheet: 4670-1725

Description:	MOUSE ANTI GLUCOSE TRANSPORTER 4
Specificity:	GLUCOSE TRANSPORTER 4
Other names:	GLUT4
Format:	Purified
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	1F8
Isotype:	lgG1
Quantity:	

Product Details

Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Immunohistology - Frozen				
Immunohistology - Paraffin (1)				
ELISA			•	
Immunoprecipitation	-			
Western Blotting	-			
Immunofluorescence	-			

Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the product for use in their own system using the appropriate negative/positive controls.

(1) This product requires enzyme mediated antigen retrieval prior to staining of parrafin sections. Proteinase K is recomended for this purpose.

itant.
Э

Approx. Protein Concentrations

IgG concentration 1 mg/ml

Immunogen

Partially purified vesicles containing insulin-responsive glucose transporter 4.

External Database Links

UniProt:

P19357 Related reagents
P14672 Related reagents
P14142 Related reagents

Entrez Gene:

 25139
 Slc2a4
 Related reagents

 6517
 SLC2A4
 Related reagents

 20528
 Slc2a4
 Related reagents

 Related reagents
 Related reagents

Synonyms

Glut4, Glut-4, GLUT4

Specificity

Mouse anti glucose transporter 4 antibody, clone 1F8 originally raised against rat intracellular low density microsomes (<u>James et al. 1987</u>) recognizes an epitope in the cytoplasmic region of Glucose transporter 4 (GLUT4), an insulin-regulated facilitative glucose transporter found in adipose tissue and striated muscle. When stimulated by insulin, GLUT4 translocates from intracellular stores to the cell surface, facilitating passive diffusion of circulating glucose into muscle and fat cells. GLUT4 is also stimulated to locate to the cell surface by muscle contraction, particularly in cardiac muscle (<u>James et al. 1988</u>).

Mouse anti glucose transporter 4 antibody, clone 1F8 has been used successfully to demonstrate the localization of GLUT4 to the basolateral side of ductal structures in the rat submandibular salivary gland in formalin fixed, paraffin embedded material (Cetik et al. 2014).

References

- 1. James, D.E. *et al.* (1988) Insulin-regulatable tissues express a unique insulin-sensitive glucose transport protein. <u>Nature</u>. 333 (6169): 183-5.
- 2. James, D.E. *et al.* (1989) Molecular cloning and characterization of an insulin-regulatable glucose transporter. <u>Nature</u>. 338 (6210): 83-7.
- 3. Cleasby, M.E. *et al.* (2003) Programming of rat muscle and fat metabolism by *in utero* overexposure to glucocorticoids. <u>Endocrinology</u>. 144 (3): 999-1007.
- 4. Huang, J., *et al.* (2001) Insulin can regulate GLUT4 internalization by signaling to Rab5 and the motor protein dynein. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 98:13084-13089.
- 5. Farese, R.V. *et al.* (2007) Muscle-specific knockout of PKC-lambda impairs glucose transport and induces metabolic and diabetic syndromes. J Clin Invest. 117: 2289-301.
- 6. Grainger, D.L. *et al.* (2011) Involvement of phosphatidylinositol 5-phosphate in insulin-stimulated glucose uptake in the L6 myotube model of skeletal muscle. Pflugers Arch. 462: 723-32.
- 7. Minakawa, M. *et al.* (2011) Hypoglycemic effect of resveratrol in type 2 diabetic model db/db mice and its actions in cultured L6 myotubes and RIN-5F pancreatic β-cells. <u>J Clin Biochem Nutr.</u> 48: 237-44
- 8. Gillies, R.M. *et al.* (2011) Immunohistochemical assessment of intrinsic and extrinsic markers of hypoxia in reproductive tissue: differential expression of HIF1 α and HIF2 α in rat oviduct and endometrium. J Mol Histol. 42: 341-54.
- 9. Aksentijević, D. *et al.* (2009) Insulin resistance and altered glucose transporter 4 expression in experimental uremia. Kidney Int. 75: 711-8.
- 10. Imamura, T. *et al.* (2001) beta -Arrestin-mediated recruitment of the Src family kinase Yes mediates endothelin-1-stimulated glucose transport. J Biol Chem. 276 (47): 43663-7.

- 11. Allard, M.F. *et al.* (2000) Hypertrophied rat hearts are less responsive to the metabolic and functional effects of insulin. <u>Am J Physiol Endocrinol Metab. 279 (3): E487-93.</u>
- 12. Lalioti, V.S. *et al.* (2002) The insulin-sensitive glucose transporter, GLUT4, interacts physically with Daxx. Two proteins with capacity to bind Ubc9 and conjugated to SUMO1. <u>J Biol Chem. 277:</u> 19783-91.
- 13. Spargo, F.J. *et al.* (2007) Dysregulation of muscle lipid metabolism in rats selectively bred for low aerobic running capacity. <u>Am J Physiol Endocrinol Metab. 292: E1631-6.</u>
- 14. Cetik, S. *et al.* (2014) Expression and Localization of Glucose Transporters in Rodent Submandibular Salivary Glands. <u>Cell Physiol Biochem.</u> 33: 1149-1161.
- 15. de Laat, M.A. *et al.* (2015) AICAR administration affects glucose metabolism by upregulating the novel glucose transporter, GLUT8, in equine skeletal muscle. <u>Vet J. 205 (3): 381-6.</u>
- 16. Lee, Y-S. *et al.* (2015) Honokiol, magnolol, and a combination of both compounds improve glucose metabolism in high-fat diet-induced obese mice <u>Food Sci Biotech. 24 (4): 1467-74.</u>

Further Reading

1. Berger, J. *et al.* (1989) Decreased expression of the insulin-responsive glucose transporter in diabetes and fasting. Nature. 340 (6228): 70-2.

Storage

Store at +4°C or at -20°C if preferred.

Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended.

This product should be stored undiluted. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation before use.

Shelf Life	18 months from date of despatch.
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10040 available at: 10040: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/MSDS/10040.pdf

Regulatory For research purposes only

Related Products

Recommended Secondary Antibodies

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR76...) RPE

Goat Anti Mouse IgG IgA IgM (STAR87...) Alk. Phos., HRP

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (H/L) (STAR117...) Alk. Phos., DyLight®488, DyLight®549,

DyLight®649, DyLight®680, DyLight®800,

FITC, HRP

Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR9...)

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR77...)

Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR12...)

RPE

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (Fc) (STAR120...) FITC, HRP
Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR8...) DyLight®800

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR70...) FITC

Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR13...) HRP

Human Anti Mouse IgG1 (HCA036...) HRP

Recommended Negative Controls

MOUSE IgG1 NEGATIVE CONTROL (MCA1209)

'M315083:180503'

North & South Tel: +1 800 265 7376 America Fax: +1 919 878 3751 Worldwide

Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700 Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739

Europe

Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21 Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50

Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-rad.com

Printed on 05 May 2018

Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com

© 2018 Bio-Rad Laboratories Inc | Legal | Imprint

Email: antibody_sales_us@bio-rad.com